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TELEPHONE:

FAX:

## SECTION 1 • PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME OR NUMBER: THERMOSEAL® M22 DRY MOLDABLE

Mid-Mountain Materials, Inc.

ADDRESS: Office: PO Box 80266 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 800-382-2208

> 5602 2nd Ave S Seattle, WA 98108

Plant: 18825 67th Ave. NE

Arlington, WA 98223

#### **SECTION 2 • HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**



COMPANY:

May cause irritation of the respiratory system, eye, and skin.

Possible cancer hazard by inhalation. Contains material which may cause cancer.

If ingested may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal track.

Pre-existing medical conditions including dermatitis, asthma, or chronic lung disease may be aggravated by exposure.

## **SECTION 3 • COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

This is high temperature resistant refractory material, the composition of which is proprietary. All known hazardous ingredients are described as follows.

| CHEMICAL / COMMON NAME                | CAS No.     | <u>% (opt)</u> |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| Refractories, Fibers, Aluminosilicate | 142844-00-6 | 35 - 85        |  |
| Polymer / Additives                   | Proprietary | 1 -7           |  |

# **SECTION 4 • FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Drink water to clear throat. Blow nose to evacuate fibers. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin: Wash skin gently with soap and water and remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Launder any contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

# SECTION 5 • FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Codes: Flammability: 0 Health: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special: 0 Extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Special firefighting procedures: Fire fighters should wear selfcontained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6 • ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Dust suppressing cleaning methods such as wet sweeping or vacuuming should be used with HEPA filter. Avoid creating airborne dust. Wear protective clothing.

# **SECTION 7 • HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Storage: Store in original container in a dry area. Keep container closed when not in use.

Handling: Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Use safety glasses and rubber gloves with adequate local exhaust ventilation with respiratory protection. Wear protective clothing to minimize skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and clean before reuse. Wash thoroughly after work using soap and water. Keep away from children.

#### SECTION 8 • EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS/WORK PRACTICES**

Ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are the preferred means for controlling exposures. The need for local exhaust ventilation should be evaluated by a professional industrial hygienist. Local exhaust ventilation systems should be designed by a professional engineer.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT/PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respiratory: If exposure limits are exceeded or respiratory irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MDHS approved respiratory protection should be worn. Supplied air respirators may be required for non-routine or emergency situations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with OSHA regulations. (see 29 CFR 1910.134, and CFR 1926.103)



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**Exposure Guidelines** 

| MAJOR                                       | OSHA PEL            | ACGIH                   | MANUFACTURER'S    |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| COMPONENT                                   |                     | TLV                     | REG               |
| Refractories,<br>Fibers,<br>Aluminosilicate | None<br>Established | 0.2f/cc,<br>8-hr<br>TWA | 0.5f/cc, 8-hr TWA |

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields.

Protective Gloves: Polymeric gloves.

General: Avoid skin contact with this material. Barrier creams and long sleeve garments may be used to prevent fibrous matter form contacting exposed skin. Clothing and personal protect equipment should be thoroughly cleaned before reuse.

## **SECTION 9 • PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

APPEARANCE & PHYSICAL STATE: Powder. COLOR AND ODOR: Pale white, mild odor.

FLASH POINT: None SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.5

V.O.C: 0 lb/gal

#### **SECTION 10 • STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions use.
Incompatibility (conditions to avoid): Not know.
Hazardous decompositions products: None know
Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION 11 • TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Chronic exposure to airborne dust from ceramic fiber may be hazardous. Research suggests that this material might act as a carcinogen or cause mesothelioma if inhaled over a prolonged period. Refractor Ceramic Fiber (RCF) is a European class 2 carcinogen.

(Chronic) Two categories of studies on laboratory animals show exposure by breathing high concentrations or implantation creates tumors. No data is available from human epidemiological studies, but studies are in progress. Exposure to dust from this product should be minimized. Based on the animal studies, IARC has classified refractory ceramic fiber a probable carcinogen. This substance or mixture has not been classified a carcinogen by NTR or OSHA. Prolonged exposure to "after service" dust may cause lung disease (silicosis).

# SECTION 12 • ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental effects: No know adverse effects.

# SECTION 13 • DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with all local, state, and federal or provincial regulations. If used or waste product is disposed of testing should be conducted to determine hazard characteristics. Empty containers will have a product residue. Do not reuse.

# **SECTION 14 • TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN/NA CODE: N/A

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: N/A HAZARD CLASS: Not regulated. DOT INFORMATION: Not regulated.

LABELS REQUIRED: N/A

BILL OF LADING DESCRIPTION: Product Name

## **SECTION 15 • ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 372): None.

Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 372): None.

Section 311/312 Hazard Class (40 CFR 370): None

CALIFORNIA PROP 65: The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, has listed "Ceramic Fibers (airborne particles of respirable size)" as a material known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**Other States**: RCF products are not known to be regulated by states other than California; however, state and local OSHA and EPA regulations may apply to these products. If in doubt, contact your local regulatory agency.

Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) - RCF is classified as Class D2A Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects.

## **SECTION 16 • OTHER APPLICABLE INFORMATION**

N/A

## **DEFINITIONS**

29 CFR 1910.134 & 1926.103:

OSHA Respiratory Protection Standards

29 CFR 1910.1200 & 1926.59:

OSHA Hazard Communication

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

ADR Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

(International Regulation)

CAA Clean Air Act
CAS Chemical Abstract Services

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental

Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DOT Department of Transportation
DSL Domestic Substances List (Canada)
EEC European Economic Committee

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EU European Union

HEPA High Efficiency Particulate Air

HMIS Hazardous Materials Information System
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP National Toxicology Program

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
PIN Product Identification Number
PNOC Particulates Not Otherwise Classified
PNOR Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated
RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RID Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (International

Regulation)

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TCLP Toxic Chemical Leachate Program
TDG Transportation of Dangerous Goods



Safety Data Sheet

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TITLE III EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW ACT - SECTION:

302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

303 Emergency Release

311 SDS/List of Chemicals

312 Emergency and Hazardous Inventory 313 Toxic Chemicals Release Reporting

TLV Threshold Limit Value **TSCA** Toxic Substance Control Act TWA Time Weighted Average

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

micrometer (micron) μm

millimeter mm centimeter cm m meter

f/cc fibers per cubic centimeter

milliliter ml inch in ounce ΟZ lb pound microgram μg mq milligram gram g kilogram kg

μg/cm<sup>2</sup> micrograms per centimeters squared mg/m<sup>3</sup> milligrams per cubic meter of air mppcf million particles per cubic foot

parts per million ppm

Not Applicable N/A

ND No Data/Not Determined

NE Not Established NR Not Regulated

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of such information. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible long-term adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in the publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. Final determination of the suitability of any information or product for the use contemplated by any user, the manner of that use, and whether there is any infringement of any patents is the sole responsibility of the user. We recommend that anyone intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, processing technique, or material mentioned in this publication should satisfy himself as to such suitability and that he can meet all applicable safety and health standards. We strongly recommend that users seek and adhere to the manufacturers' or suppliers' current instruction for handling each material they use.

<<< End of SDS >>>