

SDS Safety Data Sheet

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SDS Number: AXSIF-1 Revised/Reviewed: 06/30/2016 Revised From: 07/27/2015

SECTION 1 • PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME OR NUMBER: ARMATEX® SIF Products

ARMATEX® SIF Product is a flexible coated fabric that is non-toxic, no odor, low heat release, low smoke, intumescent,

and refractory fire resistant.

COMPANY: Mid-Mountain Materials, Inc. TELEPHONE: 206-762-7600

ADDRESS: Office: PO Box 800 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 800-382-2208

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SECTION 2 • HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation

(Acute): Exposure to glass fibers sometimes causes irritation of the skin. Less frequently irritation of the eyes, nose, or throat may occur. Ingestion may cause short-term irritation of the stomach and intestines. See section 8 of SDS for exposure controls.

(Chronic): There are no known health affects connected with long term use or contact with this product. See section 11 of SDS for toxicological information.

SECTION 3 • COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This is a flexible coated fabric non-toxic no odor, low heat release, intumescent and refractory fire resistant material, the composition of which is proprietary. All known hazardous ingredients are described as follows.

CHEMICAL / COMMON NAME	C.A.S. NUMBER	<u>% BY</u>	WEIGHT (opt)		
Continuous Filament Fiberglass	65997-17-3		54		
Zinc Borate	10192-46-8	Trace	≤1		
See section 8 of SDS for the data on the exposure limits.					

SECTION 4 • FIRST-AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY/FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SKIN: Rinse contacted areas with room temperature to cool water, then wash gently with mild soap. If fiberglass becomes imbedded, seek medical attention.

EYE: Remove contact lens. Flush eyes with clear water for at least 15 minutes - seek medical attention.

INHALATION: Move person to fresh air. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

INGESTION: Ingestion of this material is not likely. If it does occur, watch for several days to make sure intestinal blockage does not occur. If there is blockage, seek medical attention.

E SECTION 5 • FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: N/A

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: In a sustained fire, self -contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA), should be worn.

SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS FROM FIRE: Hazardous decomposition products of combustion from sizing and binders may be released in a sustained fire. The larger part of the product is nonflammable E-glass. In a sustained fire, sizing and binders may decompose, releasing products of combustion including carbon

dioxide, carbon monoxide, and water. Additionally, there are many chemicals that can evolve during any partial decomposition of chemical products. The amounts or identities cannot be predicted and can differ in each situation.

SECTION 6 ● ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACTION TO TAKE FOR SPILLS/LEAK: Wet and sweep or vacuum fibrous dust.

SECTION 7 • HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS: Keep airborne dust concentrations below regulated levels. For optimum performance, store at 80°F (27°C) or less and relative humidity less than 65%. Not an electrical conductor. Can accumulate static charge.

SECTION 8 • EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS/WORK PRACTICES

VENTILATION: Local exhaust ventilation (if needed) to maintain appropriate airborne dust levels.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT/PROTECTIVE MEASURES

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Some applications of these products may not require respiratory protection for fiberglass. However, if airborne fibrous glass concentrations exceed the OSHA permissible limits or if irritation occurs, a properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved



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disposable dust respirator such as the 3M model 8210 (formerly 8710) or model 9900 (in high humidity environments) or equivalent should be used. Use respiratory protection in accordance with your company's respiratory protection program, local regulations, and OSHA regulations under CFR 1910.134.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Loose-fitting long-sleeved shirt that covers to the base of the neck, with long pants and gloves. Skin irritation is known to occur chiefly at pressure points such as around neck, wrist, waist and between fingers. Work clothing should be laundered separately from other clothing before reuse.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after use.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

INGREDIENT

• Fiberglass Continuous Filament

ACGIH TLV: (8-hr TWA) 5 mg/m³ inhalable fraction

1 f/cc respirable fibers

OSHA PEL: (8-hr TWA) 15 mg/m³ total

5 mg/m³ respirable

Note: OSHA does not prescribe a Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL), but relies on the PEL-TWA's for nuisance dust as noted.

AIR SAMPLING/ANALYTICAL METHODS: Gravimetric total dust NIOSH Sampling & Analytical Method 0500; the Gravimetric respirable dust NIOSH Method 0600 and the NIOSH 7400 B Fiber Counting Rules; and IOM Sampler for meeting ACGIH criteria for inhalable particulate mass.

SECTION 9 • PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Solid

COLOR AND ODOR: Aluminum and Off-White, No odor.

pH: N/A

MELTING POINT: N/A BOILING POINT: N/A FLASH POINT: N/A

EVAPORATIVE RATE (n-Butyl Acetate = 1): N/A

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS: N/A

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: None - does not support flame. UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: None - does not support flame.

VAPOR PRESSURE: (mm Hg @ 20°C): N/A
PERCENT SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1):1.28
AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE: N/A

VISCOSITY: N/A

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 0

POUR POINT: N/A

SECTION 10 • STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions of use.

INCOMPATIBILITY: None known.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

POSSIBLE HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, silicone dioxide, crystalline silica, fibers,

and dust.

SECTION 11 • TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CARCINOGENICITY: The table below indicates whether or not each agency has listed each ingredient as a carcinogen:

INGREDIENT

AGGIH

IARC

NTP

OSHA

Fiber Glass Continuous Filament

A4

No

No

No

(See detailed information on fiber glass, below)

Zinc Borate

No

No

No

No

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION – FIBER GLASS (Fiberglass): The following information pertains specifically to fiberglass: Factors in fiber toxicity include fiber dimensions along with durability and degree of exposure.

FIBER DIMENSIONS: Fibers are either non-respirable or respirable. Respirable fibers can penetrate to the "deep" lung. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), man-made mineral fibers with diameters equal to or greater than (>) 3.0 microns are nonrespirable (1). According to the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), fibers with diameters \geq 3.5 μm are non-respirable (2). The narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory system do not permit the relatively larger, nonrespirable fibers to enter the "deep" lung. Instead, they deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. They are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms. As manufactured, continuous filament glass fibers are not respirable (>3.5 micrometers in diameter). Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed, or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be respirable fibers. Mechanical processing may cause the filaments to fracture, producing small pieces (fibers and particles) of the larger continuous filaments. There is no evidence that these fibers break longitudinally into smaller diameters. Upon breakage, the fibers may break horizontally into smaller lengths but not longitudinally into smaller diameters. As with any sanding/grinding activity, respirable and non-respirable particles may be generated.

DURABILITY: The term "durability" refers to how long a fiber will remain in the lung. E-glass composition has been found to be durable in the human lung; however, if fibers are non-respirable their durability is unimportant.

DEGREE OF EXPOSURE: The results in terms of airborne concentrations of glass fibers and total dust would indicate that the workmen's exposure to these materials is negligible" (1). See Section 2 of SDS for effects resulting from exposure.

CARCINOGENICITY: (Fiberglass, Continuous Filament) The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized fiberglass continuous filament as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC with results being insufficient to classify fiberglass continuous filament as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material.

The ACGIH A4 classification, not classifiable as a human carcinogen, for respirable continuous filament glass fibers is based on inadequate data in terms of its carcinogenicity in humans and/or animals. For respirable continuous filament glass fibers, a TLV – TWA of 1 fiber/cc with an ACGIH A4 classification was adopted for non-respirable glass filament fiber, measured as inhalable dust, to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract.



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Continuous filament fiberglass is not listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) 7th Annual Report on Carcinogens, nor is it regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen.

Exposure and Dose Route **Species** Zinc Borate

Oral Rat LD50 > 10 g/kgSkin Rabbit LD50 > 10 g/kg

SECTION 12 • ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Fiberglass is generally considered to be an inert solid waste, and no special precautions should be taken in case it is released or spilled. These products do not contain, nor are manufactured with, Class I or Class II Ozone-Depleting Chemicals (CFCs) identified in the Clean Air Act Amendment, 1990 List of Ozone Depleting Chemicals. Product is not expected to present an environmental hazard.

SECTION 13 • DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose solid waste in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA regulations.

SECTION 14 • TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN/NA CODE: None.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

HAZARD CLASS: Not considered hazardous waste under federal

"RCRA" regulations.

DOT INFORMATION: Not regulated.

LABELS REQUIRED: None.

BILL OF LADING DESCRIPTION: None.

SECTION 15 • ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES: EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): Fiberglass carries no Chemical Abstracts Index name, CAS registry number or EPA code designation number. Fiberglass is an "article" as defined in Section 710.2(f). It is exempt from Sections 5 and 8(b) reporting requirements. PPG considers these products exempt from EPA SARA Title III reporting requirements as they do not meet its health or physical hazards definitions nor contain any SARA 313 chemical ingredients in excess of EPA's de minimis concentrations. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: Subject to the applicable requirements of this regulation. Per this SDS revision date, these fiberglass products are not known to contain chemical ingredients listed by the Pennsylvania, New Jersey or Massachusetts Right to Know Law in excess of amounts requiring reporting on such substances' SDS or labels.

CANADA: Exempt from Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) reporting on the Domestic Substances Lists as these products are considered "articles". Exempt from Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) labeling & SDS requirements. However, fibrous glass is on the Ingredient Disclosure List. It must be listed as an ingredient on SDS for "controlled products" with fiberglass concentrations greater than 1.0%.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMITTEE (EEC) CLASSIFICATION: Fiberglass does not meet the classification for a "dangerous substance" according to 67/548/EEC and 97/69/EC. The E-glass composition has been incorporated in the EINECS under CAS number 65997-17-3 as a glass oxide.

JAPAN: Chemical Substances Control Law: Fiberglass is exempt from this law.

International Regulations

Canadian DSL: All components in this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substance List or are exempt from listing.

Canadian WHMIS: Zinc borate is classified as Class D-Division 2A under Canadian WHMIS guidelines.

CERCLA/SARA: Zinc borate is listed as a hazardous substance with reportable quantity of 1000 lbs.

IARC: This agency does not list or categorize zinc borate as a carcinogen.

NTP: Zinc borate is not listed.

OSHA carcinogen: Zinc borate is not listed.

SECTION 16 ● OTHER APPLICABLE INFORMATION

HMIS and NFPA Hazard Rating:

<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>HMIS</u>	<u>NFPA</u>
Acute Health	1	1
Flammability	0	0
Reactivity	0	0

NFPA Unusual Hazards: None

HMIS Personal Protection: Supplied by user; dependent upon use.

DEFINITIONS

29 CFR 1910.134 & 1926.103:

OSHA Respiratory Protection Standards

29 CFR 1910.1200 & 1926.59:

OSHA Hazard Communication

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADR

(International Regulation)

Clean Air Act CAA

CAS Chemical Abstract Services CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental

Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations DOT Department of Transportation DSL Domestic Substances List (Canada) **FFC** European Economic Committee

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

EU European Union

HEPA High Efficiency Particulate Air

HMIS Hazardous Materials Information System **IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association IATA **IMDG** International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

LC Lethal Concentration

Lethal Dose LD

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP National Toxicology Program

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health

Administration

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit PIN Product Identification Number **PNOC** Particulates Not Otherwise Classified **PNOR** Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated **RCRA** Resource Conservation and Recovery Act



Threshold Limit Value

Time Weighted Average

Toxic Substance Control Act

instruction for handling each material they use.

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (International

Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

RID

TLV

TSCA

TWA

WHMIS

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	Regulation)	mm	millimeter
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act	cm	centimeter
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit	m	meter
TCLP	Toxic Chemical Leachate Program	f/cc	fibers per cubic centimeter
TDG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods	in	inch
	· -	OZ	ounce
TITLE III	EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT TO	lb	pound
KNOW ACT - SECTION:		μg	microgram
302	Extremely Hazardous Substances	mg	milligram
303	Emergency Release	g	gram
311	SDS/List of Chemicals	kg	kilogram
312	Emergency and Hazardous Inventory	mg/m³	milligrams per cubic meter of air
313	Toxic Chemicals Release Reporting	mppcf	million particles per cubic foot
		ppm	parts per million

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of such information. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible long-term adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in the publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. Final determination of the suitability of any information or product for the use contemplated by any user, the manner of that use, and whether there is any infringement of any patents is the sole responsibility of the user. We recommend that anyone intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, processing technique, or material mentioned in this publication should satisfy himself as to such suitability and that he can meet all applicable safety and health standards. We strongly recommend that users seek and adhere to the manufacturers' or suppliers' current

N/A

ND

NE

NR

μm

micrometer (micron)

Not Applicable

Not Established

Not Regulated

No Data/Not Determined